## Depreciation

36-Month Assets (Straight-Line) Most software
3-Year Assets ( $200 \% \mathrm{DB}$ ) Dies, molds, small tools, certain horses, tractor unit
5 -Year Assets ( $200 \%$ DB)
Autos, computers, office machinery, taxis, buses, trucks,
cattle, private aircraft, appliances, carpeting, furniture, farm equipment
-Year Assets (200\% DB)
Most manufacturing equipment, office furniture,
printing equipment, oil and gas production equipment
15-Year Assets ( $150 \% \mathrm{DB}$ )
Land improvements other than buildings, retail fuel outlets
27.5-Year Assets (Straight-Line)

Rental houses, apartments, low-income housing
39-Year Assets (Straight-Line) Nonresidential buildings
Personal Property Depreciation
Percent of Original Depreciable Basis under 200\% DB Method (Not applicable for mid-quarter convention)

| Recovery Year | 3-Year Class | 5-Year Class | 7-Year Class |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 33.33 | 20.00 | 14.29 |
| 2 | 44.45 | 32.00 | 24.49 |
| 3 | 14.81 | 19.20 | 17.49 |
| 4 | 7.41 | 11.52 | 12.49 |
| 5 |  | 11.52 | 8.93 |
| 6 |  | 5.76 | 8.92 |
| 7 |  |  | 8.93 |
| 8 |  |  | 4.46 |

Section 179 Expense

|  | $\mathbf{2 0 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Maximum expense election | $\$ 1,020,000$ | $\$ 1,000,000$ |
| Phaseout threshold | $\$ 2,550,000$ | $\$ 2,500,000$ |

## CORPORATE INCOME TAX RATES

## 2018 and 2019 Tax Years

For tax years beginning after $12 / 31 / 17$, the " C " corporation Federal tax rate is a flat 21\%. Owners of business entities, which are not taxed as "C" corporations, are eligible for a $20 \%$ Qualified Business Income (QBI) deduction. The deduction for QBI may be limited and/or subject to phase-out, depending on the taxable income of the individual, as well as such factors as the type of business, amount of wages paid by the business, and amount of capital assets owned by the business. For income above $\$ 315,000$, the legislation phases in limits on what otherwise would be an effective marginal rate of not more than $29.6 \%$.
Personal Service Corporations - $21 \%$ flat tax rate.
Capital Gains Tax Rate for "C" corporations - Same as regular rate.

## Regular Tax - 2017 Tax Year



ESTATE AND GIFT TAXES
Estate Taxes

|  | 2019 | 2018 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Estate tax exemption | $\$ 11,400,000$ | $\$ 11,180,000$ |
| Unified estate tax credit | $\$ 4,505,800$ | $\$ 4,417,800$ |
| Top estate tax rate | $40 \%$ | $40 \%$ |
|  |  |  |
| Gift Taxes |  |  |
|  | $\mathbf{2 0 1 9}$ | 2018 |
| Lifetime gift tax exemption | $\$ 11,400,000$ | $\$ 11,180,000$ |
| Annual gift tax exclusion | $\$$ | 15,000 |
| $\quad \$$ | $\$ 15,000$ |  |
| $\quad$ Gifts per person | $\$$ | 30,000 |
| Joint gifts by spouse |  | $\$ 0$ |
| Top gift tax rate |  |  |


| LONG-TERM CARE INSURANCE |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| If you are: | You may deduct this much of your annual premiums |  |  |  |
|  | 2019 |  | 2018 |  |
| Over 70 | \$ | 5,270 | \$ | 5,200 |
| 61 to 70 | \$ | 4,220 | \$ | 4,160 |
| 51 to 60 | \$ | 1,580 | \$ | 1,560 |
| 41 to 50 | \$ | 790 | \$ | 780 |
| 40 and under | \$ | 420 | \$ | 420 |


${ }^{1}$ Capital gain rates may be subject to an additional 3.8\% Medicare tax
${ }^{2}$ Rate for taxpayers in the top income tax bracket. (Middle income tax brackets pay $15 \%$.)

| COVERDELL ESAs - $2019 ~ \& ~$ | 2018 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 2019 | 2018 |

Contribution limit $\quad \$ 2,000$ per beneficiary $\$ 2,000$ per beneficiary

- AGI phaseouts:*
oint filers
\$ 190,000 - \$ 220,000 \$ 190,000 - \$ 220,000
\$ 95,000 - \$ 110,000 \$ 95,000 - \$ 110,000
* Phaseout applies to the contributor, not the beneficiary.

| STANDARD MILEAGE RATES |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Use | 2019 | 2018 |
| Business | 58\$ per mile | 54.5 ${ }^{\text {d }}$ per mile |
| Moving | 20¢ per mile* | 18\$ per mile* |
| Medical | 20¢ per mile | 18\$ per mile |
| Charitable | $14{ }^{\text {¢ }}$ per mile | $14 ¢$ per mile |

For members of the US. Armed Forces (or their spouse or
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2019 MHM Publications In


2019 TAX POCKET GUIDE

2019 INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX RATES*
Regular Tax - Married, Filing Jointly or Surviving Spouse

| If Taxable Income Is Between: | Your Tax Is: | Of Amount Over: |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $0-\$ 19,400$ | 10\% | 0 |
| \$ 19,401-\$ 78,950 | \$ 1,940 + 12\% | \$ 19,400 |
| \$ 78,951-\$ 168,400 | \$ 9,086 + 22\% | \$ 78,950 |
| \$ 168,401-\$ 321,450 | \$ 28,765 + 24\% | \$ 168,400 |
| \$ 321,451-\$ 408,200 | \$ 65,497 + 32\% | \$ 321,400 |
| \$ 408,201-\$ 612,350 | \$ 93,257 + 35\% | \$ 408,200 |
| \$ 612,351 and above | \$ 164,710 + 37\% | \$ 612,350 |

## Married, Filing Separately



## 2018 INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX RATES*

## Regular Tax - Married, Filing Jointly or

## Surviving Spouse

| If Taxable Income Is Between: | Your Tax Is: | Of Amoun Over: |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $0-\$ 19,050$ | .10\% | \$ 0 |
| \$ 19,051-\$ 77,400 | \$ 1,905 + 12\% | \$ 19,050 |
| \$ 77,401-\$ 165,000 | \$ 8,907 + 22\% | \$ 77,400 |
| \$ 165,001-\$ 315,000 | \$ 28,179 + 24\% | \$ 165,000 |
| \$ 315,001-\$ 400,000 | \$ 64,179 + 32\% | \$ 315,000 |
| \$ 400,001-\$ 600,000 | \$ 91,379 + $35 \%$ | \$ 400,000 |
| \$ 600,001 and above | \$ 161,379 + $37 \%$ | \$ 600,000 |

## Married, Filing Separately

| If Taxable Income Is Between: |  |  |  | our Tax Is: |  | f Amount ver: |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ | $0-\$$ | 9,525 |  | ... $10 \%$ |  | 0 |
| \$ | 9,526-\$ | 38,700 | \$ | $953+12 \%$ |  | 9,525 |
| \$ | 38,701-\$ | 82,500 | \$ | 4,454 + 22\% |  | 38,700 |
| \$ | 82,501 - \$ | 157,500 |  | $14,090+24 \%$ |  | 82,500 |
| \$ | 157,501-\$ | 200,000 |  | $32,090+32 \%$ |  | 157,500 |
| \$ | 200,001-\$ | 300,000 |  | $45,690+35 \%$ |  | 200,000 |
| \$ | 300,001 and | bove |  | $80,690+37 \%$ |  | 300,000 |
| Single |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| If Taxable Income Is Between: |  |  | Your Tax Is: |  | Of Amount Over: |  |
| \$ | $0-\$$ | 9,525 |  | ............10\% |  | 0 |
| \$ | 9,526-\$ | 38,700 | \$ | $953+12 \%$ |  | 9,525 |
| \$ | 38,701-\$ | 82,500 |  | 4,454 + 22\% |  | 38,700 |
| \$ | 82,501 - \$ | 157,500 |  | 14,090 + 24\% |  | 82,500 |
|  | 157,501-\$ | 200,000 |  | $32,090+32 \%$ |  | 157,500 |
|  | 200,001 - \$ | 500,000 |  | 45,690 + 35\% |  | 200,000 |
|  | 500,001 and | bove |  | 150,690 + 37\% |  | 500,000 |
| Head of Household |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| If Taxable Income Is Between: |  |  | Your Tax Is: |  | Of Amount Over: |  |
| \$ | $0-\$$ | 13,600 |  | ..... 10\% |  | 0 |
| \$ | 13,601-\$ | 51,800 |  | 1,360 + 12\% |  | 13,600 |
| \$ | 51,801-\$ | 82,500 |  | 5,944 + 22\% |  | 51,800 |
| \$ | 82,501 - \$ | 157,500 |  | 12,698 + 24\% |  | 82,500 |
|  | 157,501-\$ | 200,000 |  | 30,698 + 32\% |  | 157,500 |
|  | 200,001 - \$ | 500,000 |  | $44,298+35 \%$ |  | 200,000 |
|  | 500,001 and | bove |  | 149,298 + 37\% |  | 500,000 |

2018 Qualified Dividend Income 15\%* (0\% for lower tax brackets) Individuals in the top tax bracket will pay $23.8 \%$ ( $20 \%$ plus a 3 3.8\% Medicare surtax). Note: Tax amounts have been rounded up to nearest dollar.

| STANDARD |  | DEDUTION |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2019 | 2018 |
|  | $\$ 24,400$ | $\$ 24,000$ |
| Married, filing jointly | $\$ 12,200$ | $\$ 12,000$ |
| Married, filing separately | $\$ 12,200$ | $\$ 12,000$ |
| Single | $\$ 18,350$ | $\$ 18,000$ |
| Head of household | $\$ 1,650$ | $\$ 1,600$ |
| Additional — blind or elderly | $\$ 1,300$ | $\$ 1,300$ |
| Single |  |  |
| Married |  |  |
| Many itemized deductions were eliminated or restricted starting in 2018. |  |  |

RETIREMENT PLANS

## Indexed Contribution \& Benefit Limits

## for Qualified Plans

| Type of Plan |  | 2019 | 2018 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Individual Retirement Accounts (IRAs)* | \$ | 6,000 |  | 5,500 |
| Section 401(k) plans or SAR-SEPs* | \$ | 19,000 |  | 18,500 |
| Section 403(b) plans* | \$ | 19,000 |  | 18,500 |
| Section 408(p) (2) (E) SIMPLE contributions* | \$ | 13,000 |  | 12,500 |
| Section 457(b) (2) limit* | \$ | 19,000 |  | 18,500 |
| Section 415 limit for: |  |  |  |  |
| Defined contribution plans ${ }^{\dagger}$ | \$ | 56,000 |  | 55,000 |
| Defined benefit plans |  | 225,000 |  | 220,000 |
| Highly compensated employees Section 414(q) |  | 125,000 |  | 120,000 |
| FICA taxable wage base |  |  |  |  |
| Social Security |  | 132,900 |  | 128,400 |
| Medicare (tax rate $\mathbf{1 . 4 5 \%}$ for employees; $2.90 \%$ for self-employed)** |  | No limit |  | No limit |
| * Age 50 additional contributions |  |  |  |  |
| 401(k) type plans |  | 6,000 |  | 6,000 |
| SIMPLEs |  | 3,000 |  | 3,000 |
| IRAs | \$ | 1,000 |  | 1,000 |
| + The Section 415 compensation limit for defined contribution plans is $\$ 280,000$. <br> ** An additional tax rate of $0.9 \%$ on wages in excess of $\$ 200,000$ may apply. |  |  |  |  |
| Roth IRAs |  |  |  |  |
| AGI limit for maximum contributions: |  | 2019 |  | 2018 |
| Joint filers |  | 193,000 |  | 189,000 |
| Individual filers |  | 122,000 |  | 120,000 |
| Traditional IRAs |  |  |  |  |
| AGI limit for maximum contributions: |  | 2019 |  | 2018 |
| Joint filers |  | 123,000 |  | 121,000 |
| Individual filers | \$ | 74,000 |  | 73,000 |

The income limit on converting traditional IRAs to Roth IRAs was eliminated in 2010.

| SOCIAL SECURITY |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Annual Earned Income Limit | 2019 | 2018 |
| Under full retirement age | $\$ 17,640$ | $\$ 17,040$ |
| Full retirement age | No Limit | No Limit |

For people reaching full retirement age in 2019, the limit is $\$ 46,920$ for months prior to
attainment. Beginning the month in which they turn full retirement age, there is no limit.

| HEALTH SAVINGS ACCOUNTS |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Contribution Limits | $\mathbf{2 0 1 9}$ | 2018 |  |
| Individual, self-only | $\$$ | 3,500 | $\$$ |
| Family Coverage | $\$$ | 7,000 | $\$$ |
| Catch-up for those | $\$ 1,450$ |  |  |
| Cand | 1,000 | $\$$ | 1,000 |

age 55 and older
For 2019, the minimum deductible for a high-deductible health plan (HDHP) is $\$ 1,350$ for self-only coverage and $\$ 2,700$ for family coverage. The maximum out-of-pocket limit is $\$ 6,750$ for self-only coverage and $\$ 13,500$ for family plans.

| ALTERNATIVE MINIMUM TAX |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2019 | 2018 |
| AMT Exemptions | $\$ 111,700$ | $\$ 109,400$ |
| Married, filing jointly | $\$ 55,850$ | $\$ 74,700$ |
| Married, filing separately | $\$ 71,700$ | $\$ 70,300$ |
| Single | $\$ 71,700$ | $\$ 70,300$ |

